

## Tuning

The guitar has six strings. Each has a particular pitch to tune to.

Here are the six strings and pitches:

1st=E(high)

2nd=B

3rd=G

4th=D

5th=A

6th=E(low)

When using a tuner, the goal is to have the correct pitch per string in tune. Usually once centered, the tuner will show a specific color to indicate in tune. Please note the pitch will go sharp once hit so allow the note to settle a bit and tune accordingly. If the pitch is flat, turn the tuning knob clockwise to tighten. If the pitch is sharp, do the opposite and slacken the string counter clockwise.

Make sure the tuner is calibrated to 440Hz.

Guitars may need to be tuned every week, day or multiple times a day depending. Tuning is usually needed frequently when new strings are installed. It is a good idea to tune up before a lesson to save lesson time.